Year.	Loco- motives.	Sleeper and Parlour Cars.	First Class Cars.	Second Class and Emi- grant Cars.	Baggage, Mail and Express Cars.	Cattle and Box Cars.	Plat- form Cars.	Coal and Dump Cars.
1885 1886 Increase Decrease	1,524 1,571 	73	704 734 30	501 497 	403 415 12	22,166 23,845 1,679	13,761 13,178 	2,391 2,533 142

ROLLING STOCK OF RAILWAYS IN CANADA, 1885 AND 1886.

476. The above table represents the rolling stock in use; to ascertain the quantity owned, the following numbers of cars hired must be deducted in each year :—

1885	34		28	14	21	1,299	201
1886	40	8	31	20	20	847	237

Railway capital in England and colonies. 477. The total amount of railway capital paid up in the United Kingdom on 31st December, 1885, was \$3,970,509,201; in India to the same date, \$788,000,154; in the Australasian Colonies, \$366,280,955; and in Canada, to 30th June, 1886, \$653,759,944, making the enormous sum of \$5,770,650,282 invested in railroads in the United Kingdom and her three principal possessions. The cost in the United Kingdom has amounted to \$207,132 per mile, in the other three countries combined to an average of \$58,079 per mile. The enormous prices that have had to be paid for land in the United Kingdom, are the principal causes of the excessive cost of construction.

Railways in British possessions. 478. The following table gives the railway mileage in British possessions, together with the number of persons, and of square miles of area to each mile:—